PRESENTATION FOR THE BLACKBERRY CREEK WATERSHED COMMITTEE

Illinois River Basin Restoration SECTION 519 BLACKBERRY CREEK FISHPASSAGE PROJECT

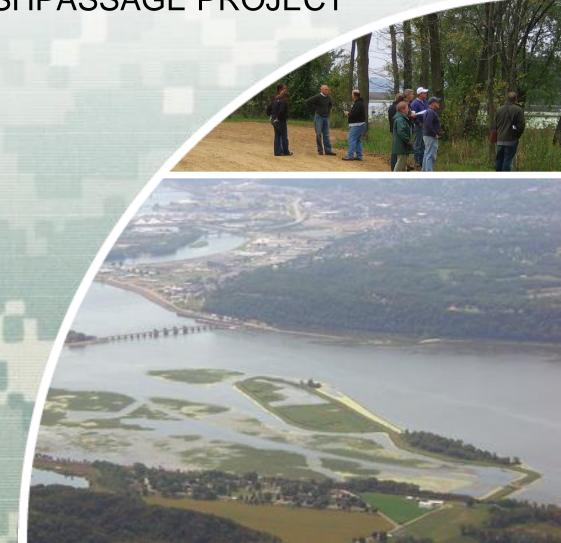
Hank DeHaan Program Manager Section 519
John Ortlieb Study Manager/ Planner
Anthony Heddelsten, P.E. Project Engineer

USACE- ROCK ISLAND DISTRICT 16 November, 2010



US Army Corps of Engineers
BUILDING STRONG®



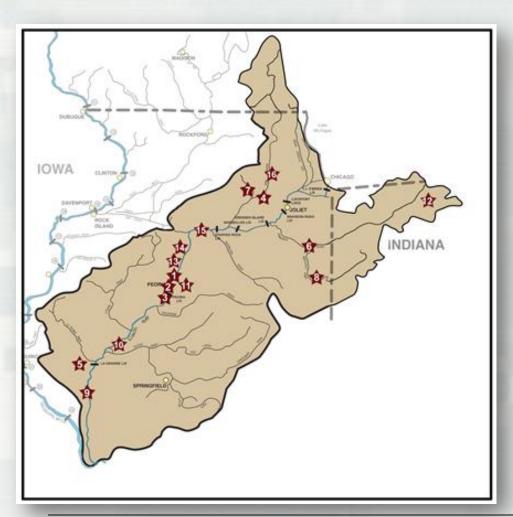


AUTHORITY

- Illinois River Basin Restoration, Section 519 of the Water Resources Development Act of 2000.
- Authorizes implementation of critical restoration projects that produce independent, immediate, and substantial restoration goals of increasing connectivity of aquatic habitat, restoring floodplain habitat, and maintaining viable populations of native species.



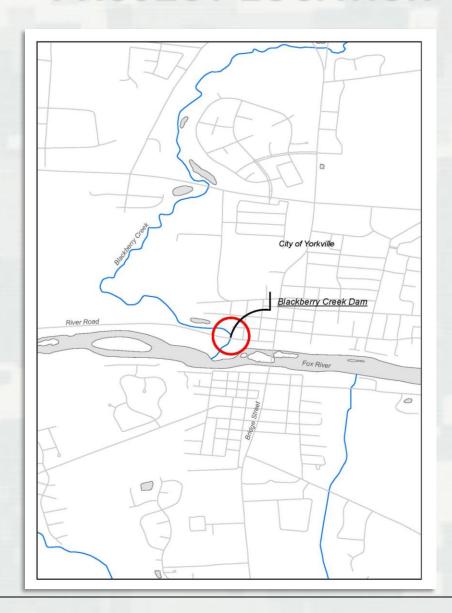
Illinois River Basin Critical Restoration Projects (Section 519)



- 1) Peoria Riverfront (Upper Island)
 ASA approved 27 February 2004
- 2) Pekin Lake (North) ASA approved 05 May 2006
- 3) Pekin Lake (south)
- 4) Waubonsie Creek ASA approved 16 June 2010
- 5) McKee Creek
- 6) Kankakee River
- 7) Blackberry Creek
- 8) Iroquois River
- 9) Alton Pool Side Channels & Islands
- 10) LaGrange Pool Side Channels & Islands
- 11) Tenmile Creek
- 12) Yellow River
- 13) Senachwine Creek
- 14) Crow Creek West
- 15) Starved Rock Pool Side Channels & Islands
- 16) Fox River Fish Passage

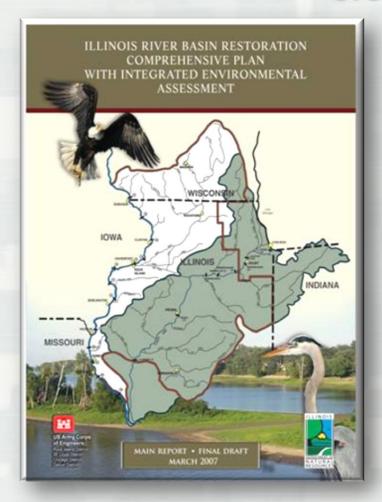


PROJECT LOCATION





SIGNIFICANCE

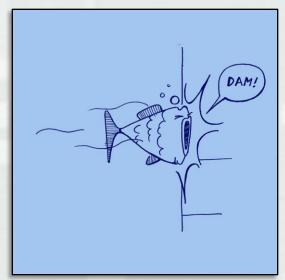


- •WRDA 1986 Illinois River system a "nationally significant ecosystem" part of Upper Mississippi River System.
- •National Academy of Science identified Illinois River as one of few world-class floodplain ecosystems.
- •The State of Illinois developed Integrated
 Management Plan for the Illinois River
 Watershed (1997) working with multiple local,
 state, and Federal groups and enacted the
 Illinois River Watershed Restoration Act (1997).
- •Illinois River Basin Restoration Comprehensive Plan 2007 established system limiting factors like reduction of tributary connectivity and goals for restoration.



PROBLEM: Loss of Connectivity and Species Diversity/ Habitat

- The creeks and rivers that flow into the Illinois River are segmented by impassable barriers for native species of wildlife.
- These barriers prevent fish from utilizing valuable spawning habitat and prevent recolonization of fish and mussels from the Fox River (a major tributary to the Illinois River) after extreme flow events.
- Many of these impediments are in disrepair. Some are failing causing dangerous conditions for water recreation users of the area in the form of large concrete debris and exposed rebar.



Goals of the Restoration Project

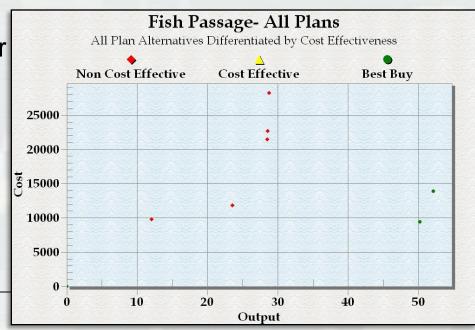
- 1) Restore aquatic habitat.
- 2) Restore connectivity.





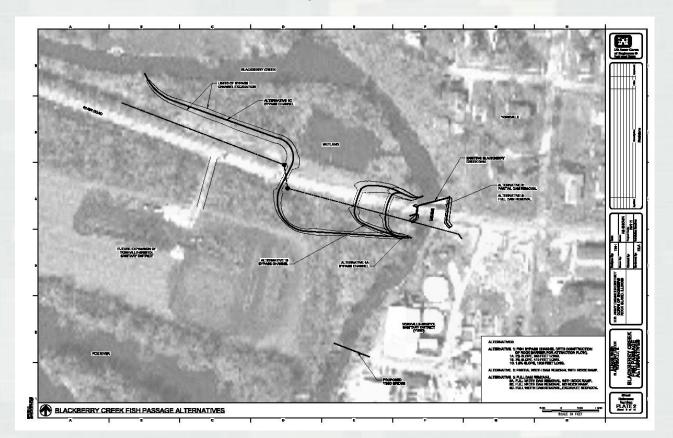
Objectives

- The recommended plan would restore connectivity between the Fox River and 32 miles of tributary habitat on Blackberry Creek.
- Alternatives screened through IWR Plan Software.
 - ► CE/ICA (Cost Effectiveness/ Incremental Cost Analysis)
 - No other plan provides the same output (habitat units) for less cost
 - No other plan provides a higher output level for the same or less cost



Proposed Project Features Include:

- 1) By-pass channel (3 possible layouts)
- 2) Removal of Blackberry Creek Dam



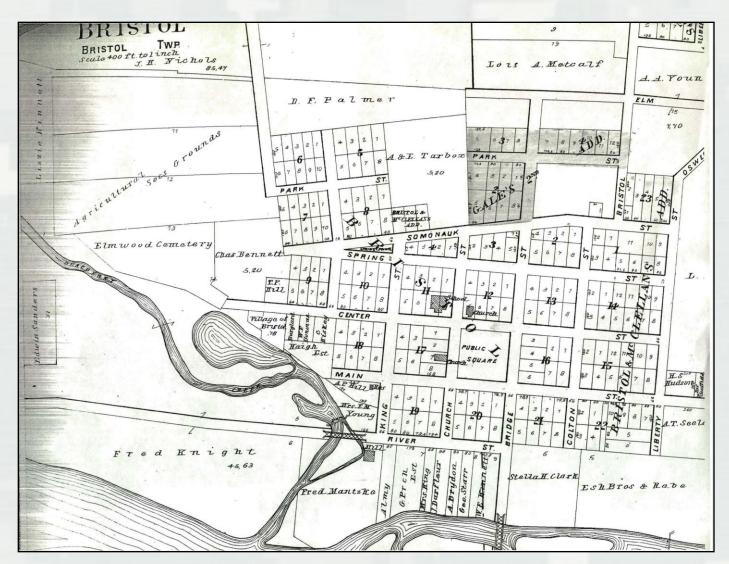




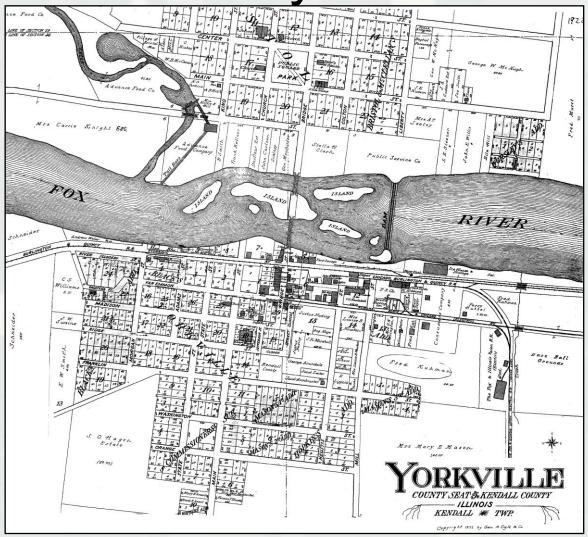
1834 Dam constructed by John Schneider to power a saw mill.













Blackberry Creek 2007





Old Steel Bridge (River Road)





Circa 1900 Blackberry Creek Dam. (A Bicentennial History of Kendall County, 1976.)



Project Cost

- > Est. Project Cost: \$300,000- \$500,000
- > Federal Cost (65%): \$195,000
- ➤ Non-Federal Cost: \$105,000



Schedule

Feasibility Study

Activity/Milestone	Milestone	Start Date	End Date	Milestone	Duration (Days)			Comments	
					Current	Agr.	Cons.		
Develop Feasibility Report		Complete			90	60	90	Work on initial draft of Feasibility Report. Duration ends with completion of PRP.	
	Post Approved Peer Review Plan		Complete	CW035					
Complete Draft Feasibility Report		1-Oct-10	30-May-11		241	varies	varies	Complete draft Feasibility Report ready for ATR. Duration ends with completion of report and VE/VM. (VE/VM is only	
	Draft Feasibility Report		30-May-11	CW150				required for projects > \$2M, takes about 30-60 days)	
	Feasibility VE/VM Complete		30-May-11	CW290					
Conduct ATR		31-May-11	1-Oct-11		123	90	120	Complete ATR. Send report package to MVD & HQ and conduct IPR (i.e., planning charette/AFB). MVD concurrently performs policy compliance review and generates Division Cmndr's Endors.	
	HQ In-Progress Review (IPR)		1-Oct-11	CW190					
	Feas. Div. Cmndr's Endorsement		1-Oct-11	CW260					
Prepare for Public Review		2-Oct-11	1-Nov-11		30	15	30	Prepare for and schedule public review.	
	Feas. Public Review Period Start		1-Nov-11	CW250					
Conduct Public Review		1-Nov-11	10-Jan-12		70	30	60	Complete public review and state/agency review at same time. Duration ends with submission of Final Feasibility	
Feas. State/Agency Review								Report to MVD and USACE HQ for HQ review.	
	Complete Agency/Public Review		10-Jan-12	CW250					
	Submit Final Feasibility Report		10-Jan-12	CW160					
HQ Policy Compliance Review		11-Jan-12	10-Jul-12		181	120	180	Perform HQ review (producing final report and PGM). Then perform final ASA review resulting in HQ and ASA (CW)	
	Feasibility Report Approval		10-Jul-12	CW170				approval.	

Thank you all for your time. Questions?



John Ortlieb Study Manager/ Planner, Rock Island District john.t.ortlieb@usace.army.mil (309)794-5007

